CPR INVEST - MEGATRENDS - R EUR - ACC

LU1734694380

EQUITY | 31/10/2026

KEY FEATURES *(Source: Amundi Group)*

Creation date : 14/12/2017
Fund structure : SICAV under Luxembourg law
Directive : UCITS IV
AMF classification : International Equities
Benchmark : 100% MSCI WORLD
PEA eligible : No
Currency : EUR
Type of shares : Capitalization
ISIN code : LU1734694380
Bloomberg code : CPMEGRA LX
Minimum recommended investment horizon :
5 years

Risk Indicator *(Source : Fund Admin)*

1	2	3	**4**	5	6	7

Lower Risk — Higher Risk

⚠ The SRI represents the risk and return profile as presented in the Key Information Document (KID). The lowest category does not imply that there is no risk. The SRI is not guaranteed and may change over time. The risk indicator assumes you keep the product for 5 years.
The summary risk indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the product will lose money because of movement in the markets or because we are not able to pay you.

KEY FIGURES *(Source: Amundi Group)*

Net Asset Value (NAV) : 195.99 (EUR)
Assets Under Management (AUM) :
281.06 (million EUR)
Last coupon : -

KEY PEOPLE *(Source: Amundi Group)*

Management company : CPR ASSET MANAGEMENT
Custodian / Administrator :
CACEIS Bank, Luxembourg Branch / CACEIS Fund Administration Luxembourg

OPERATION & FEES *(Source: Amundi Group)*

Frequency of NAV calculation : Daily
Order cut-off time : 09:00
Execution NAV : D
Subscription Value Date / Redemption Date :
D+2 / D+2
Minimum initial subscription :
1 Ten-Thousandth of Share(s)/Equitie(s)
Minimum subsequent subscription :
1 Ten-Thousandth of Share(s)/Equitie(s)
Subscription fee (max) / Redemption fee :
5.00% / 0.00%
Management fees and other administrative or operating costs :
1.07%
Performance fees : Yes

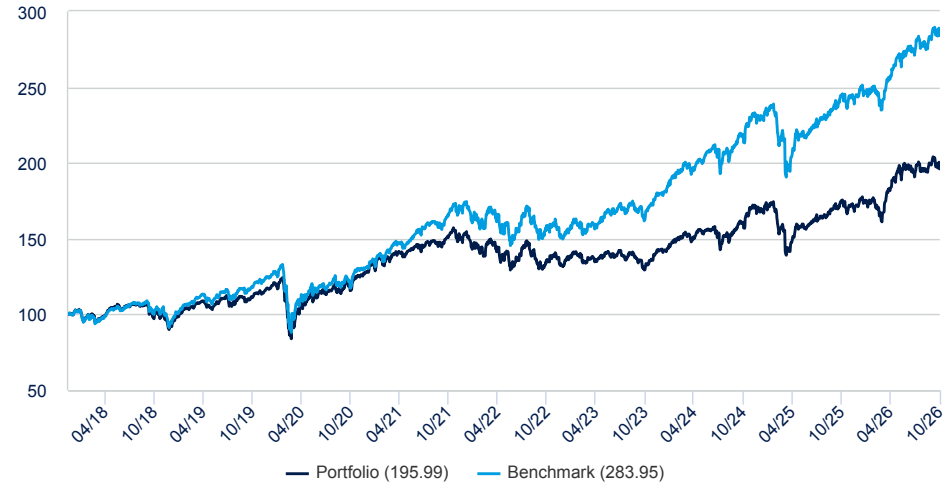
All details are available in the legal documentation

INVESTMENT STRATEGY *(Source: Amundi Group)*

The investment objective is to outperform global equity markets over a long-term period (minimum of five years) by investing in equity funds or equities that benefit from global thematic trends.

ANALYSIS OF THE NET PERFORMANCE *(Source: Fund Admin)*

CHANGE IN NET ASSET VALUE BASE 100 *(Source: Fund Admin)*



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCES *(Source: Fund Admin)* [1]

Since	YTD 31/12/2025	1 month 30/09/2026	3 months 31/07/2026	1 year 31/10/2025	3 years 31/10/2023	5 years 29/10/2021	Since 14/12/2017
Portfolio	14.57%	-1.37%	1.34%	11.84%	14.52%	5.24%	7.87%
Benchmark	16.67%	0.97%	3.66%	15.91%	20.08%	11.28%	12.47%
Spread	-2.10%	-2.34%	-2.32%	-4.07%	-5.56%	-6.04%	-4.60%

[1] Data corresponding to periods of more than a year are annualised.

ANNUAL PERFORMANCES *(Source: Fund Admin)* [2]

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Portfolio	2.15%	17.15%	8.46%	-13.91%	19.06%	10.42%	25.48%	-6.88%	-	-
Benchmark	6.77%	26.60%	19.60%	-12.78%	31.07%	6.33%	30.02%	-4.11%	-	-
Spread	-4.62%	-9.44%	-11.14%	-1.14%	-12.01%	4.09%	-4.54%	-2.77%	-	-

[2] Performance varies over time and is not a reliable indication of future results. The investments are subject to market fluctuations and may gain or lose value.

RISK ANALYSIS *(Source: Fund Admin)* *

	1 year	3 years	5 years	Inception to date *
Portfolio volatility *	13.38%	12.87%	13.27%	14.86%
Benchmark volatility	9.86%	11.73%	13.01%	14.97%
Portfolio Information ratio	-0.66	-1.24	-1.47	-1.24
Tracking Error ex-post	5.93%	4.19%	4.02%	3.70%

* Annualised data

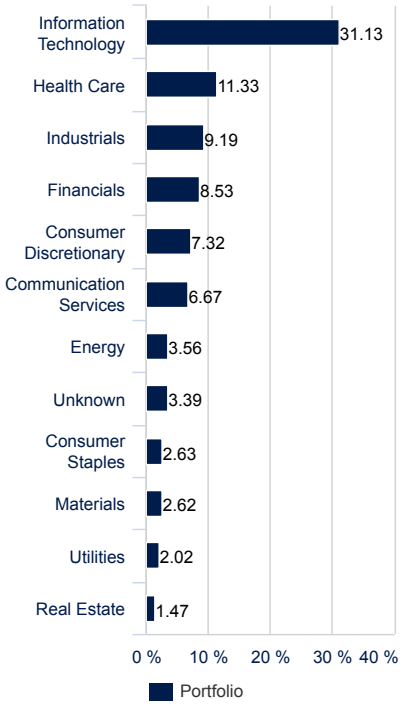
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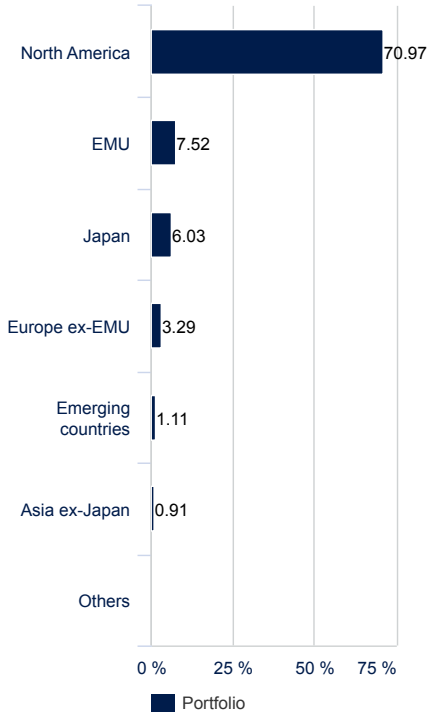
PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN *(Source: Amundi Group)*

SECTOR BREAKDOWN *(Source: Amundi Group) **

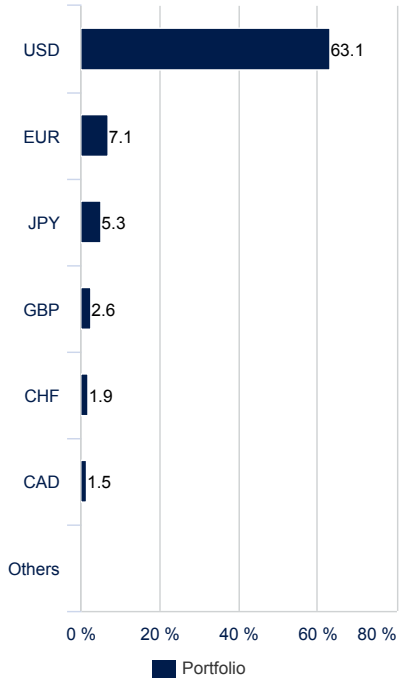


* % of assets

GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN (Source: Amundi Group)



BREAKDOWN BY CURRENCY *(Source: Amundi Group) ***



** As a percentage of the assets - including currency hedging

Issuer number (excluding cash)	**104**
Cash as % of total assets	**13.76%**

MAIN POSITIONS IN PORFOLIO

(Source: Amundi Group)

	Megatendance	Weight
CPR INVEST-SOCIAL EQT O EUR ACC	Inequalities	10.58%
CPR INVEST-BIODIVERSITY-O EUR- ACC	-	10.44%
Amundi MSCI World ESG Broad Transition U	Climate	10.22%
CPR INVEST - CLIMATE ACTION O ACC	Climate	8.25%
SHSV SP US BANKS UCITS USD ETF(LSE)	-	4.80%

This material is solely for the attention of "professional" investors.
CPR Asset Management, S.A capital of 61 461 945 €, 399 392 141 RCS Paris - SGP approved AMF n° GP01-056.
91-93, Boulevard Pasteur 75015 Paris - France - 01 53 15 70 00

www.cpram.com

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TEAM MANAGEMENT



Julien Levy Kern

Portfolio Manager



Steve Chan Tat Chuen

Co-Portfolio Manager

MANAGER'S COMMENT

The month of October 2026 was marked by a new surge in energy prices. Indeed, attacks on ships continued in the Strait of Hormuz, the Houthis claimed responsibility for strikes on several Saudi refineries, and Donald Trump hinted that U.S. strikes on Iran could resume after the midterm elections on November 3. As a result, the price of Brent crude rose by nearly 14% over the month, reaching $118 per barrel, its highest level in six months. The price of natural gas also increased sharply, reaching its highest level since the end of 2022. Another key event of the month was the sharp decline in technology stocks at the very end of the month, following disappointing earnings reports from Alphabet, Amazon, and Intel, which reignited doubts about the profitability of massive investments in AI.
The inflation indices published in October, covering the month of September, accelerated again due to energy prices. In the eurozone, headline inflation reached 3.8% compared to 3.2% in August, its highest level since September 2023, with the energy component rising by 18.8% year-on-year. Conversely, core inflation remained broadly stable at 2.5%. In the United States, headline inflation (CPI) rose from 3.4% to 3.7%, while core inflation climbed to 2.6%, slightly higher than expected. The September “core PCE” inflation came in at 3.1%.
Activity indicators continued to be solid. In the United States, Q3 GDP growth came in at 3.4% quarter-on-quarter annualized, above expectations, driven by consumer spending and business investment. However, after a strong report in August, the September employment report disappointed, with only 29,000 non-farm jobs created and an increase in the unemployment rate to 4.2%. In the eurozone, GDP grew by 0.4% in Q3, despite a surprise 0.1% contraction in France, but the composite PMI fell to 51.9 in October from 53.1 in September, well below expectations. In China, GDP growth came in at 4.5% year-on-year in Q3, but the economy remains highly unbalanced and household consumption very weak.
After September, the first month in history during which the ECB, the Fed, and the BoJ all raised their key rates, these three central banks all decided to leave their rates unchanged in October. The Fed maintained the fed funds target range at 3.75/4%, but two FOMC members (Lisa Cook and Beth Hammack) voted in favor of another hike. Kevin Warsh indicated that the September rate hike had begun to take effect and that the tightening of financial conditions was paving the way for a period of more sustainable growth and price stability. For its part, the BoJ left its main policy rate at 1.25% but opened the door to a hike in December. Finally, the ECB left its deposit rate at 2.50%, even though energy prices in Europe are now between the “adverse” and “severe” scenarios mentioned in September, fueling upside risks for inflation and downside risks for growth. The Council debated another rate hike but judged that uncertainties were still too high, while indicating that “the direction is quite clear” for all its members. For now, it does not see a substantial risk of second-round effects.
Despite the rise in oil prices, bond yields fell sharply over the month, benefiting from a flight to safe-haven assets at the end of the month and the central banks’ pause. The U.S. 10-year yield fell by nearly 40 bps to 4.90%, after briefly exceeding 5.30% during the month. The German 10-year yield dropped by about 25 bps over the month to 3.29%, returning to its end-August levels. In Japan, the 10-year yield fell back below 3%, to 2.77%, its lowest level in nearly three months. Finally, gold declined again, by about 6% over the month, to just over $3,875 an ounce, penalized by the prospect of further Fed rate hikes.
Equity markets were shaken at the end of the month by doubts over the profitability of AI-related investments. The S&P 500 fell by 0.9% over the month and the Nasdaq by more than 5%, while the Dow Jones rose by 1.7%. The Eurostoxx 600 was more resilient, with a gain of 1.9%. Asian markets, more exposed to the semiconductor sector, fell sharply: the Nikkei lost nearly 5.2% and the MSCI Emerging dropped 8.1%, its worst month since the start of the war in Iran.

On the thematic side, after several months dominated by large technology stocks and artificial intelligence, investors began to favor defensive sectors, undervalued stocks, and quality assets. The correction in AI-related stocks does not necessarily signal the end of the technology cycle, but rather reflects increased demands for profitability and financial discipline.
Investors are now questioning: the very high level of investment in AI infrastructure, the ability of hyperscalers to turn these investments into cash flow, the future profitability of data centers, and the debt levels of certain cloud specialists. The question is no longer just who will benefit from AI, but above all who will be able to sustainably capture its economic value.
October 2026 confirmed the role of the healthcare sector as a safe haven, and AI-driven drug discovery is emerging as a new strong thematic focus. The main challenge for investors lies in balancing the undeniable acceleration of drug discovery by AI and its still uncertain impact on clinical success—a distinction that is increasingly influencing stock selection within the sector.
Around consumer themes, quarterly reports showed that the preference for experiences over goods has intensified, with high-end travel and beauty remaining strong segments, while non-essential retail—especially in China and among low-income households globally—faced significant challenges. This K-shaped dynamic is the guiding thread for consumer brand positioning, favoring premium, good value-for-money, and experience-focused brands over mid-range and luxury brands.
In October, CPR Megatrends fell by 1.49% compared to +0.97% for its benchmark index, the MSCI World (EUR). This significant underperformance is the result of our strong exposure to the AI theme and mainly to AI infrastructure. We started the month with an overweight in the Technology sector of nearly 7%. In response to the sell-off in the theme, we completely reduced this exposure to return to neutral by the end of the month. In contrast, we gradually increased the healthcare sector by +3.5%, notably with exposure to the Biotechnology theme.

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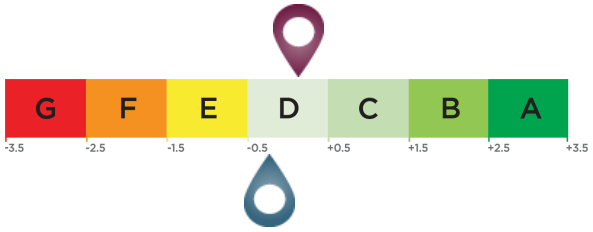
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AVERAGE ESG RATING (source : Amundi)

Environmental, Social and Governance rating. Information on sustainability-related aspects can be found at https://about.amundi.com/legal-documentation

ESG Investment Universe: 100% MSCI WORLD



Investment Portfolio Score: 0.11

ESG Investment Universe Score[1]: -0.24

ESG Coverage (source: Amundi) *

	Portfolio	ESG Investment Universe
Percentage with an Amundi ESG rating [2]	99.95%	99.95%
Percentage that can have an ESG rating [3]	80.22%	100.00%

* Securities that can be rated on ESG criteria. The total may be different from 100% to reflect the real exposure of the portfolio (cash included).

ESG Terminology

ESG criteria

The criteria are extra-financial criteria used to assess the Environmental, Social and Governance practices of companies, states or local authorities:
"E" for Environment (energy and gas consumption levels, water and waste management, etc.).
"S" for Social/Society (respect for human rights, health and safety in the workplace, etc.).
"G" for Governance (independence of board of directors, respect for shareholders' rights, etc.)

ESG Rating

The issuer's ESG rating: each issuer is assessed on the basis of ESG criteria and obtains a quantitative score, the scale of which is based on the sector average. The score is translated into a rating on a scale from A (highest rating) to G (lowest rating). The Amundi methodology provides for a comprehensive, standardised and systematic analysis of issuers across all investment regions and asset classes (equities, bonds, etc.).
ESG rating of the investment universe and the portfolio: the portfolio and the investment universe are given an ESG score and an ESG rating (from A to G). The ESG score corresponds to the weighted average of the issuers' scores, calculated according to their relative weighting in the investment universe or in the portfolio, excluding liquid assets and non-rated issuers.

Amundi ESG Mainstreaming

In addition to complying with Amundi Responsible Investment Policy[4], Amundi ESG Mainstreaming portfolios have an ESG performance objective that aims to achieve a portfolio ESG score above the ESG score of their ESG Investment universe.

[1] The investment universe reference is defined by either the fund's reference indicator or an index representative of the ESG-related investable universe.
[2] Percentage of securities with an Amundi ESG rating out of the total portfolio (measured in weight) that can be related.
[3] Percentage of securities for which an ESG rating methodology is applicable out of total portfolio (measured in weight).
[4] The updated document is available at https://www.amundi.com/int/ESG.

Sustainability Level (source : Morningstar)



The sustainability level is a rating produced by Morningstar that aims to independently measure the level of responsibility of a fund based on the values in the portfolio. The rating ranges from very low (1 Globe) to very high (5 Globes).

Source Morningstar ©
Sustainability Score - based on corporate ESG risk analysis provided by Sustainalytics used in the calculation of Morningstar's sustainability score.
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